

ELEVA UCITS Fund

Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable

Appendix 4 – Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (“SFDR”) (unaudited)

ELEVA European Selection Fund

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: ELEVA European Selection Fund

Legal entity identifier: 213800U6H9LM4F8AFZ64

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?	
●● <input type="checkbox"/> Yes	●● <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
<input type="checkbox"/> It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective : ___% <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input type="checkbox"/> in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy 	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 42% of sustainable investments <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> with a social objective
<input type="checkbox"/> It made sustainable investments with a social objective : ___%	<input type="checkbox"/> It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments

More information on ELEVA Capital’s definition of Sustainable investments in accordance with article 2.17 of the SFDR regulation is available in the Transparency Code. Please refer to the section “What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?” for clarifications about the distinction of treatment between ‘Taxonomy-aligned’ Sustainable investments and the other Sustainable investments sub-categories. Statistics on the share of Taxonomy-aligned investments are presented in the section “To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?”.

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To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

ELEVA European Selection Fund (the “Sub-Fund”) promoted a combination of environmental, social and governance (“ESG”) characteristics by investing in companies with good ESG practices (i.e best in universe) or companies that were on an improving path regarding ESG practices (i.e best efforts) while excluding companies that had not a minimum ESG rating (40/100).

The Sub-Fund applied the Management Company’s exclusion policy, i.e.:

- Norm based exclusions: companies having violated ILO (International Labour Organisation) Conventions, or one of the UN guiding principles on Business and Human Rights, or one of the UN Global Compact principles, or one of the OECD Guidelines For Multinational Enterprises.
- Sector based exclusions: companies involved in the sector (including production or distribution) of controversial weapons (0% of sales threshold), of tobacco (5% of sales threshold) and of nuclear weapons (5% of sales threshold). The Sub-fund also applied ELEVA Capital’s coal policy, available on ELEVA Capital website.
- As of 29/12/2023, the Sub-fund did not hold any position in excluded companies as defined above.
- The weighted average ESG score of the ELEVA European Selection Fund had to be significantly higher (i.e. better) than the average ESG score of its initial investment universe. This implied that the weighted average ESG score of the Sub-Fund may in no case be lower than the average ESG score of the initial investment universe after elimination of the 20% worst companies.
- A minimum ESG score of 40/100 was required for each company to enter the portfolio.
- The weight of issuers analysed and scored on ESG criteria with the ELEVA methodology had to be higher than 90% of the invested pocket (i.e. excluding cash).

As of 29/12/2023:

- The Sub-Fund showed a better overall ESG score than its reduced universe: 65/100 for the Sub-Fund against 63/100 for the reduced universe;
- No invested company had an ESG score below 40/100;
- All companies invested in the Sub-Fund had been analysed and scored through ELEVA ESG methodology.

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Sustainability indicators

measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

● *How did the sustainability indicators perform?*

The Sub-Fund had to show, as binding ESG criteria, a better performance than its initial investment universe on the following two ESG key performance indicators: carbon footprint (in tons of CO2 equivalent/million euros invested) and exposure to the UN Global Compact signatories (sum of the weights of the UN Global Compact signatories). Moreover, the weighted average ESG score of the Sub-Fund had to be significantly higher (i.e. better) than the average ESG score of its initial investment universe.

As of 29/12/2023, the Sub-Fund:

- Had a better performance than its initial investment universe on its carbon footprint (in tons of CO2 equivalent/million euros invested): 94 for the Sub-Fund against 200 for the universe;
- Presented a better exposure to the UN Global Compact signatories than its initial investment universe: 82% for the SubFund against 63% for the universe;
- Showed a better overall ESG score than its reduced universe: 65/100 for the Sub-Fund against 63/100 for the reduced universe.

The sustainability indicators presented above have not been subject to a verification audit by an independent third party.

● *...and compared to previous periods?*

As of 30/12/2022, the Sub-Fund:

- Had a better performance than its initial investment universe on its carbon footprint (in tons of CO2 equivalent/million euros invested): 91 for the Sub-Fund against 246 for the universe;
- Presented a better exposure to the UN Global Compact signatories than its initial investment universe: 92% for the SubFund against 64% for the universe;
- Showed a better overall ESG score than its reduced universe: 65/100 for the Sub-Fund against 63/100 for the reduced universe.

2022 was the starting point for the comparison of sustainability indicators performance, as the regulation was not yet in force in previous periods.

● *What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?*

As of 2023, the ELEVA European Selection Fund had not committed to a minimum share of sustainable investments (ex-ante) but included in its portfolio investments qualified as sustainable according to ELEVA Capital's definition of sustainable investment (ex-post). Sustainable investments with environmental objectives might include energy efficiency, renewable energies, sustainable mobility, smart building, sustainable infrastructure, etc. and sustainable investments with social objectives might include health and wellbeing, etc.

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Please refer to the following question for more details.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

● ***How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?***

Several criteria have been applied to ensure that sustainable investments do not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective:

- Exclusion (please refer to the question « To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met? »)
- Minimum ESG score of 60/100, and a minimal Governance score of 50/100, which screens out companies with bad ESG practices, poor Governance, and/or significant controversies. As explained in the question “How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?”, the ESG score captures many indicators for adverse impacts.
- Positive contribution through the proportion of revenues: the positive contribution of each company is measured by calculating the proportion of revenue generated with products or services that contribute positively to one or more UN SDGs. To be considered as a sustainable investment, a company must, in addition to the 2 previous criteria, generate at least 20% of its revenue from this type of products or services. This is a net turnover threshold; thus, we deduct from this percentage the portion of turnover possibly achieved with products having potentially residual negative impacts (i.e. if not already excluded through the exclusion criteria). This indicator is expressed as a percentage and corresponds directly to the percentage of net sales, calculated as mentioned above.

As of 29/12/2023, 42% of the Sub-fund investments passed these criteria and have been classified as sustainable investments measured ex-post.

— — — *How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?*

Indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors were taken into account, at the product level, including for sustainable investments, through the set of exclusion, through the criteria analysed in the ESG analysis and through the binding ESG KPIs (please refer to the question “How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?”).

— — — *Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:*

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The companies that had violated ILO (International Labour Organisation) Conventions, or one of the UN guiding principles on Business and Human Rights, or one of the UN Global Compact principles, or of the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises were excluded in this Sub-Fund.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a “do not significant harm” principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The “do no significant harm” principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Sub-Fund took into consideration the 14 principal adverse impact indicators and 2 optional ones (investments in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives and investment in companies without workplace accident prevention policies).

- PAI 2, 10 and 14 were taken into consideration in a quantitative way, with maximum exposure or thresholds in place (through Strict Exclusions or through the binding ESG key performance indicators described above)
- PAI 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 13 and the 2 optional ones were taken into consideration in a qualitative way, mainly through the criteria analysed through ESG analysis.
- PAI 7, 8, 9, 12 were only taken into consideration when the data was available (available data for these PAI is scarce).

The statement below presents the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors with respect to ELEVA European Selection, covering the reference period from 1 January to 31 December 2023 and calculated as a quarterly average.

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Adverse sustainability indicator		Indicators applicable to investments in investee companies			Coverage rate and Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
	Metric	Impact 2023	Impact 2022			
CLIMATE AND OTHER ENVIRONMENT-RELATED INDICATORS						
Greenhouse gas emissions	1. GHG emissions	Scope 1 GHG emissions	243,913	200,665	2023: 99.6%	This metric is analysed in the planet pillar of our ESG scoring methodology
		Scope 2 GHG emissions	62,830	52,543	2023: 99.6%	This metric is analysed in the planet pillar of our ESG scoring methodology
		Scope 3 GHG emissions	2,267,781	2,226,751	2023: 99.6%	This metric is analysed in the planet pillar of our ESG scoring methodology
		Total GHG emissions	2,574,524	2,479,959	2023: 99.6%	This metric is analysed in the planet pillar of our ESG scoring methodology
		Carbon footprint	Carbon footprint	506	615	2023: 99.6%
	3. GHG intensity of investee companies	GHG intensity of investee companies	980	1,130	2023: 100.0%	
	4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector	Share of investments in companies active in the fossil fuel sector	12.6%	9.7%	2023: 99.6%	This metric is analysed in the planet pillar of our ESG scoring methodology
	5. Share of non-renewable energy consumption and production	Share of non-renewable energy consumption and non-renewable energy production of investee companies from non-renewable	62.8%	74.0%	2023: 85.7%	

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Adverse sustainability indicator		Indicators applicable to investments in investee companies					Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
	Metric	Impact 2023	Impact 2022	Coverage rate and Explanation			
6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	energy sources compared to renewable energy sources, expressed as a percentage of total energy sources						
	Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector	NACE Code A: NA NACE Code B: 1.18 NACE Code C: 0.35 NACE Code D: 1.71 NACE Code E: 1.09	NACE Code A: NA NACE Code B: 1.72 NACE Code C: 0.44 NACE Code D: 3.14 NACE Code E: 1.97	2023: 96.4%		This metric is analysed in the planet pillar of our ESG scoring methodology for all sectors except Financials	

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Adverse sustainability indicator		Indicators applicable to investments in investee companies			Coverage rate and Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
	Metric	Impact 2023	Impact 2022			
		NACE Code F: 0.19	NACE Code F: 0.18			
		NACE Code G: 0.47	NACE Code G: 0.42			
		NACE Code H: 5.42	NACE Code H: 0.04			
		NACE Code L: 0.03	NACE Code L: 0.22			

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Indicators applicable to investments in investee companies					
Biodiversity	7. Activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas	Share of investments in investee companies with sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity-sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas	-	-	We choose not to report this indicator considering issues related to data quality and/or availability.
Water	8. Emissions to water	Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	-	-	2023: 3.3% As the coverage rate was below 50%, we decided to not publish the metric in 2022 and 2023.
Waste	9. Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio	Tonnes of hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	-	0.38	2023: 49.8% As the coverage rate was below 50%, we decided to not publish the metric in 2023.
INDICATORS FOR SOCIAL AND EMPLOYEE, RESPECT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS, ANTI-CORRUPTION AND ANTI-BRIBERY MATTERS					
Social and employee matters	10. Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)	Share of investments in investee companies that have been involved in violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	0.0%	0.0%	2023: 100.0% Binding indicator at ELEVA Capital level as it is part of the overall exclusion list

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		Indicators applicable to investments in investee companies				
11. Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Share of investments in investee companies without policies to monitor compliance with the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises or grievance /complaints handling mechanisms to address violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	11.1%	14.3%	2023: 99.6%	The share of investments in signatory companies of the UNGG is a binding indicator for ELEVA European Selection fund	
12. Unadjusted gender pay gap	Average unadjusted gender pay gap of investee companies	-	-	2023: 38.1%	As the coverage rate was below 50%, we decided to not publish the metric in 2022 and 2023.	
13. Board gender diversity	Average ratio of female to male board members in investee companies, expressed as a percentage of all board members	41.5%	41.9%	2023: 100.0%	This metric is analysed in the Shareholders pillar of our ESG scoring methodology	
14. Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)	Share of investments in investee companies involved in the manufacture or selling of controversial weapons	0.0%	0.0%	2023: 100.0%	Binding indicator at ELEVA Capital level as it is part of the overall exclusion policy	

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Other indicators for principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors						
Adverse sustainability indicator		Metric	Impact 2023	Impact 2022	Coverage rate and Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
Emissions	4. Investments in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives	Share of investments in investee companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives aimed at aligning with the Paris Agreement	24.2%	27.5%	2023: 99.0%	
Social and employee matters	1. Investments in companies without workplace accident prevention policies	Share of investments in investee companies without a workplace accident prevention policy	2.3%	15.2%	2023: 99.6% Methodological change made by the data provider between 2022 and 2023.	

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What were the top investments of this financial product?

The table below presents the top investments made by ELEVA European Selection, covering the reference period from 1 January to 31 December 2023 and calculated as a quarterly average.

The list includes the investments constituting the **greatest proportion of investments** of the financial product during the reference period which is: 1 January - 31 December 2023

Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
Novo Nordisk A/S	Pharmaceuticals	4.99%	Denmark
ASML Holding NV	Semiconductors &	3.92%	Netherlands
Novartis AG	Pharmaceuticals	3.38%	Switzerland
Nestle SA	Food Products	3.25%	Switzerland
TotalEnergies SE	Oil, Gas & Consumable	2.89%	France
Siemens AG	Industrial	2.85%	Germany
AXA SA	Insurance	2.68%	France
ING Groep NV	Banks	2.68%	Netherlands
Schneider Electric SE	Electrical Equipment	2.51%	France
Ryanair Holdings PLC	Passenger Airlines	2.36%	Ireland
L Oreal SA	Personal Products	2.30%	France
Rio Tinto PLC	Metals & Mining	2.24%	United
Alcon Inc	Health Care Equipment	2.01%	Switzerland
Iberdrola SA	Electric Utilities	1.98%	Spain
Infineon Technologies	Semiconductors &	1.90%	Germany



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

As of 2023, the Sub-fund had not committed to a minimum share of sustainable investments (ex-ante) but included in its portfolio investments qualified as sustainable according to ELEVA Capital's definition of sustainable investment (ex-post).

To qualify as sustainable investment (pass or fail), a company must generate at least 20% of its revenues with products and services contributing to one or more United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs) while at the same time not doing significant harm any environmental or social objective and following good governance practices (in particular with respect to sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance).

DNSH principle and good governance practices were captured through a set of Exclusions, a minimal ESG score of 60/100, and a minimal Governance score of 50/100. The ESG analysis methodology and details on exclusions are disclosed in our Transparency Code, available in the Responsible Approach section of our website.

As of 29/12/2023, the ELEVA European Selection Fund had a proportion of sustainable investments of 42% measured ex-post.

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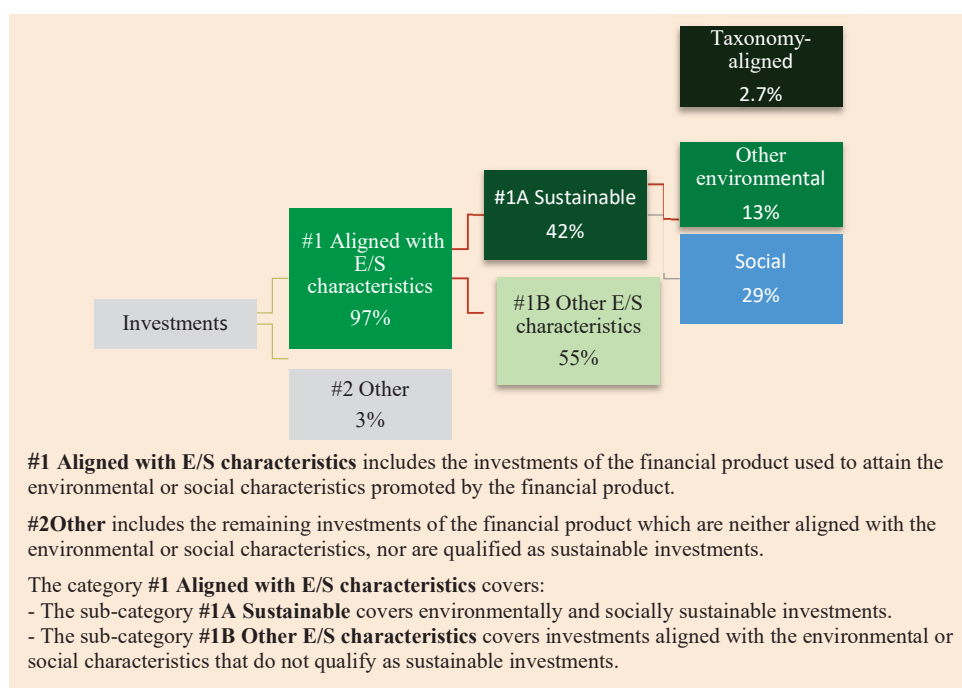
Appendix 4 – Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (“SFDR”) (unaudited) (continued)

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The Sub-fund has not committed to a minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU taxonomy but we voluntarily disclose the ex-post weighted average taxonomy-aligned revenue of the Sub-Fund: 2.7% (excluding sovereign bonds, if any). However, the category ‘Taxonomy-aligned’ is not linked to the total ‘Sustainable’ investments (i.e. #1A) in the graph below and is disclosed separately from the two other Sustainable investments sub-categories for two reasons: (1) based on our understanding of the SFDR regulation, the sum of Sustainable investments sub-categories must be equal to the total ‘Sustainable’ investments (i.e. #1A); and (2) in line with the SFDR regulation, ELEVA Capital’s definition of sustainable investments is binary i.e. “pass or fail” (as described above and in our Transparency Code) and sustainable investments can either be Environmental or Social but not both, whereas the SFDR regulation prescribes that taxonomy-aligned investments shall be calculated as a weighted average. We will re-consider this approach in the next periodic reporting depending on upcoming regulatory developments and clarifications. More statistics on the share of Taxonomy-aligned investments are presented below (cf. question “To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?”).

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

● What was the asset allocation?



Historical comparison: as of 30/12/2022, the ELEVA European Selection Fund had 98% of investments aligned with E/S characteristics, a proportion of sustainable investments of 36% of which 20% with an environmental objective that were not aligned with EU taxonomy, and 16% with a social objective.

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● ***In which economic sectors were the investments made?***

The table below presents the sector exposure of the investments made by ELEVA European Selection, covering the reference period from 1 January to 31 December 2023 and calculated as a quarterly average.

Sector	% of assets
Pharmaceuticals	11.47%
Banks	9.36%
Semiconductors & Semiconductor	5.90%
Chemicals	5.40%
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	5.27%
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels*	4.44%
Insurance	4.28%
Electrical Equipment	4.17%
Beverages	3.74%
Electric Utilities	3.48%
Food Products	3.25%
Software	2.86%
Industrial Conglomerates	2.85%
Metals & Mining	2.58%
Diversified Telecommunication	2.54%
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	2.53%
Capital Markets	2.51%
Automobiles	2.46%
Passenger Airlines	2.35%
Aerospace & Defense	2.33%
Personal Products	2.26%
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	2.20%
Construction Materials	2.16%
Air Freight & Logistics	1.98%
IT Services	1.97%
Multi-Utilities	1.95%
Machinery	1.82%
Others and liquidities	1.70%
Trading Companies & Distributors	1.54%
Media	1.50%
Personal Care Products	1.46%
Energy Equipment & Services	1.23%
Construction & Engineering	1.10%
Building Products	1.10%
Article 9 funds	1.09%
Paper & Forest Products	1.05%
Household Durables	0.85%
Containers & Packaging	0.71%
Life Sciences Tools & Services	0.53%
Article 8 funds	0.29%

(*) Investments in Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels corresponded to the fund's exposure to the fossil fuel sector.

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To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- **turnover** reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.
- **capital expenditure (CapEx)** showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- **operational expenditure (OpEx)** reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Sub-fund has not committed to a minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU taxonomy (ex-ante). However, the proportion of sustainable investments aligned with the Taxonomy can be measured ex-post.

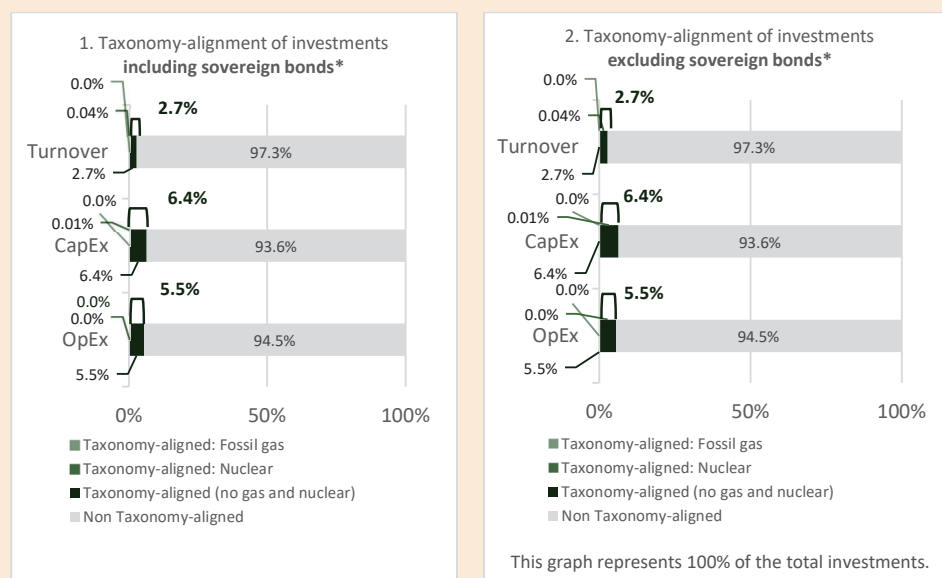
- **Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy¹?**

Yes:

In fossil gas In nuclear energy

No

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.*



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

Taxonomy aligned investments had a positive contribution to climate change mitigation and/or adaptation. The Taxonomy indicators presented above are only based on reported company data but have not been subject to a verification audit by an independent third party.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change (“climate change mitigation”) and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

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● *What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?*

As of 29/12/2023:

- 0.0% of the investments (excluding sovereign bonds, if any) made by the Sub-Fund were composed of Transitional Taxonomy-aligned investments in terms of Turnover, 0.2% of CapEx, and 0.1% of OpEx.
- 2.3% the investments (excluding sovereign bonds, if any) made by the Sub-Fund were composed of Enabling Taxonomy-aligned investments in terms of Turnover, 4.3% of CapEx, and 4.6% of OpEx.

● *How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?*

We were unable to provide reliable Environmental taxonomy alignment figures in the 2022 SFDR periodic report.

 are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

As of 2023, the Sub-Fund had not committed to a minimum proportion of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with EU taxonomy (ex-ante) but included in its portfolio investments qualified as sustainable according to ELEVA Capital's definition of sustainable investment with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy (ex-post).

As of 29/12/2023: 13% of all investments of the Sub-Fund were composed of sustainable investments with an environmental objective measured ex-post.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

As of 2023, the Sub-Fund had not committed to a minimum proportion of socially sustainable investments (ex-ante) but included in its portfolio investments qualified as socially sustainable according to ELEVA Capital's definition of sustainable investment (ex-post).

As of 29/12/2023: 29% of all investments of the Sub-Fund were composed of sustainable investments with a social objective measured ex-post.

What investments were included under “other”, what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

As of 29/12/2023, 3% of the Sub-fund investments were not invested with the E/S characteristics and so included under “other”. It consisted of cash, instruments not rated on ESG criteria (e.g. IPOs or among others and UCITS). These investments are notably used

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for liquidity and/or technical purposes, for which environmental or social safeguards are not applicable.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

An internal process has been in place as well as systematic post-trade monitoring to ensure that 81% minimum of net assets of the Sub-fund were “eligible” as per the ESG process in place (hence investments that are aligned with the promoted environmental and social characteristics).

Moreover, individual engagement with companies invested in the sub-fund was systematic to share key findings of ESG analysis and topics on which they could improve.

The ELEVA European Selection fund engaged with 35 companies held in portfolio during the reference period from 1 January to 31 December 2023, sharing with them a total of 107 engagement areas and participated in 54 Annual General Meetings.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

Not applicable

- *How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?*

Not applicable

- *How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?*

Not applicable

- *How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?*

Not applicable

- *How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?*

Not applicable

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.